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## LIST OF CURRENT CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for testing the authenticity of a data carrier having an integrated circuit by an external device with which the data carrier exchanges data, comprising the steps of:

establishing providing a first bidirectional transmission channel between the data carrier and the external device, the first bidirectional transmission channel being configured for transmitting to exchange signals having signal patterns between the data carrier and the external device[[,]];

establishing providing a second bidirectional transmission channel between the data carrier and the external device, the second bidirectional transmission channel being configured to exchange signals having signal patterns between the data carrier and the external device, wherein the second bidirectional transmission channel is logically separated from the first bidirectional transmission channel, the separation of the first and second bidirectional transmission channels being so designed such that data transmission via one bidirectional transmission channel does not interfere with data transmission via the other bidirectional transmission channel and the second bidirectional transmission channel is activable during the total time period between activation and deactivation of the data carrier[[,]]:

having the data carrier generate a signal required for authenticity testing[[,]];

transmitting the signal for authenticity testing from the data carrier to the external device or a signal required for generating the signal for authenticity testing from the external device to the data carrier at least partly via the second bidirectional transmission channel[[,]]; and

having the external device receive the signal for authenticity testing, and deciding on the basis of the received signal whether the data carrier is authentic.

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2. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the

second bidirectional transmission channel is provided by modulating the signal of the first

bidirectional transmission channel.

3. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, characterized in that

modulation does not impair an ISO compatibility of data exchange between the data

carrier and the external device existing for the first bidirectional transmission channel.

4. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, characterized in that

modulation is performed in areas of the signal pattern which are not evaluated according

to ISO 7816.

5. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, characterized in that the

changes caused by modulation in the signal of the first bidirectional transmission channel

are within the range of variation of the signal level permitted by ISO 7816.

6. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, characterized in that

modulation and demodulation of the signal are performed in the data carrier and in the

external device with the aid of a mixing/demixing device in each case.

7. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the

first bidirectional transmission channel is a line for transmitting standard data or a line for

transmitting a clock signal or a line for supply voltage.

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8. (Currently Amended) A method for testing the authenticity of a data carrier having an integrated circuit by an external device with which the data carrier exchanges data, comprising the steps of:

establishing providing a first bidirectional transmission channel between the data carrier and the external device, the first bidirectional transmission channel being configured for transmitting to exchange signals having signal patterns between the data carrier and the external device[[,]];

establishing providing a second bidirectional transmission channel between the data carrier and the external device, the second bidirectional transmission channel being configured to exchange signals having signal patterns between the data carrier and the external device, wherein the second bidirectional transmission channel is physically separated from the first bidirectional transmission channel and comprising at least one line or contactless transmission path not provided according to the ISO standard, the second bidirectional transmission channel being activable during the total time period between activation and deactivation of the data carrier[[,]];

having the data carrier generate a signal required for authenticity testing[[,]];

transmitting the signal for authenticity testing from the data carrier to the external device or a signal required for generating said signal for authenticity testing from the external device to the data carrier at least partly via the second bidirectional transmission channel[[,]]; and

having the external device receive the signal for authenticity testing, and deciding on the basis of the received signal whether the data carrier is authentic.

9. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 8, characterized in that the contactless transmission path is realized by transmitting the data as electromagnetic, electrostatic, magnetic, acoustic or optical signals.

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10. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 9, characterized in that a

mixture of wavelengths is used for transmission via the contactless transmission path.

11. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the

decision on authenticity of the data carrier is contingent on whether data exchange is

possible between the devices to which the first and second bidirectional transmission

channels are coupled in the data carrier.

12. (Currently Amended) A data carrier which can exchange data with an external

device and has an integrated circuit, wherein

the data carrier has a first device configured to generate for generating signals for

data exchange between the data carrier and the external device via a first bidirectional

transmission channel, and the first device is adapted to be coupled to a first

bidirectional transmission channel,

the data carrier has a second device configured to generate for generating signals

required for authenticity testing of the data carrier, and the second device is adapted to be

eoupled to the second device being configured to exchange data between the data carrier

and the external device via a second bidirectional transmission channel, the second device

being [[and]] connected with the first device,

the first and second bidirectional transmission channels are separated logically or

physically, and

data exchange with the second device does not interfere with data exchange with

the first device, and the second device is ready for generating signals for authenticity

testing of the data carrier during the total time period between activation and deactivation

of the data carrier.

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13. (Currently Amended) A data carrier according to claim 12, characterized in

that wherein the first device and the second device are each coupled to the bidirectional

transmission channels via a mixing/demixing module.

14. (Currently Amended) A system for testing the authenticity of a data carrier

and/or an external device comprising:

a data carrier with a first device for generating configured to generate signals for

data exchange with the external device and a second device for generating and/or

processing configured to generate or process signals for authenticity testing,

an external device with a first device for generating configured to generate signals

for data exchange with the data carrier and a second device for generating and/or

processing configured to generate or process signals for authenticity testing,

a first bidirectional transmission channel for transmitting configured to transmit

signals between the first device of the data carrier and the first device of the external

device,

and a second bidirectional transmission channel for transmitting configured to

transmit signals between the second device of the data carrier and the second device of the

external device, the first and second bidirectional transmission channels being separated

logically or physically and the separation of the first and second bidirectional transmission

channels being so designed that data transmission via one bidirectional transmission

channel does not interfere with data transmission via the other bidirectional transmission

channel, and the second bidirectional transmission channel being activable during the total

time period between activation and deactivation of the data carrier.

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